

Physics Opportunities at the Largest Heavy Ion Collider (LHC)

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Main goal:

- to produce the Quark Gluon Plasma and to determine its properties.
- How do collective phenomena and macroscopic properties of dense matter emerge from 1st principles in QCD?

The medium:

- its properties or their dynamical manifestations may change significantly with $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (complementarity of RHIC and LHC)



Novel opportunities for soft physics

The tools:

- improve significantly in variety and accuracy with $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$
 - rates
 - p_T -range
 - x_{Bj} -range
- } Large quantitative/qualitative gains



Novel opportunities for hard physics

The soft

Agnostic starting point:

If generic trends in the data persist over wide $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ - range,
then - do not discard them as numerical coincidence
- look for explanation in terms of fundamental theory.

Here: - consider generic trends in SPS and RHIC data
- what do we learn if these trends persist or break down at the LHC?

Day 1 @ LHC: event multiplicity at $y=0$

PHOBOS, PRC74 (2006) 021901; W. Busza .

- generic trends in $dN^{ch}/d\eta$
 - extended longitudinal scaling
 - self-similar trapezoidal shape

$$\Rightarrow dN^{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} \propto \ln \sqrt{s_{NN}}$$

- Saturation models predict

Armesto, Salgado, Wiedemann, PRL94 (2005) 022002

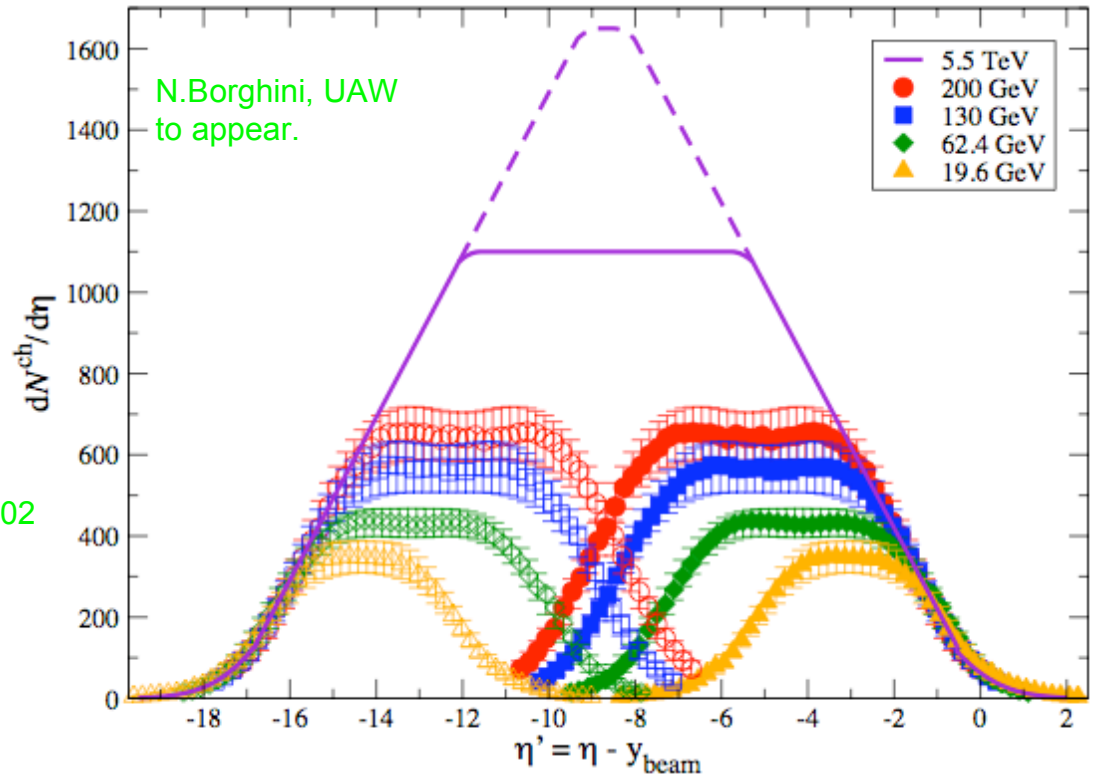
$$\frac{1}{N_{part}} \frac{dN^{AA}}{d\eta} \Big|_{\eta \sim 0} = N_0 \sqrt{s}^\lambda N_{part}^{\frac{1-\delta}{3\delta}}$$

$$\Rightarrow dN_{LHC}^{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} \approx 1650$$

or Kharzeev, Levin, Nardi, NPA747 (2005) 609.

$$\Rightarrow dN_{LHC}^{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} \approx 1800 - 2100$$

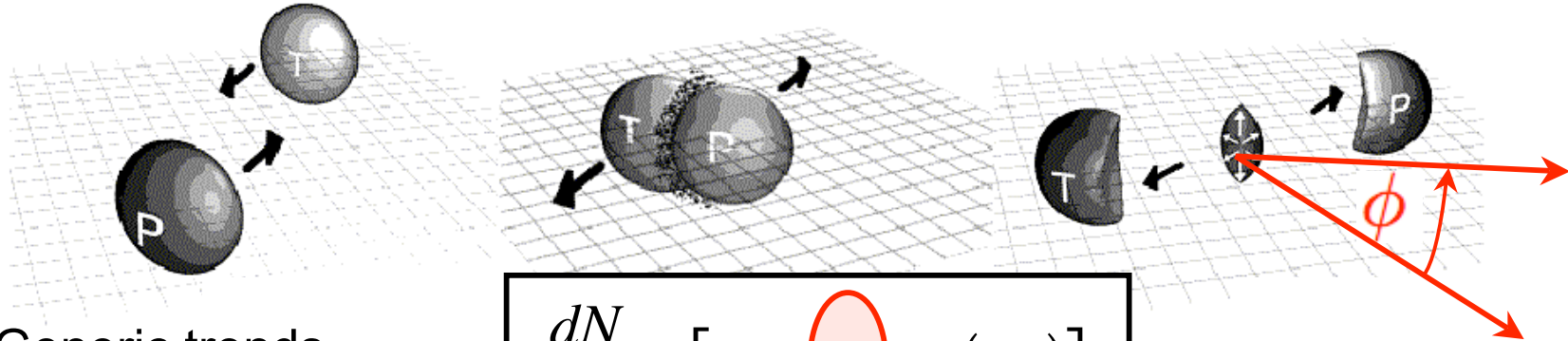
Both consistent with main trends at RHIC, but ...



Extrapolations to LHC deviate from so-far generic trends in data

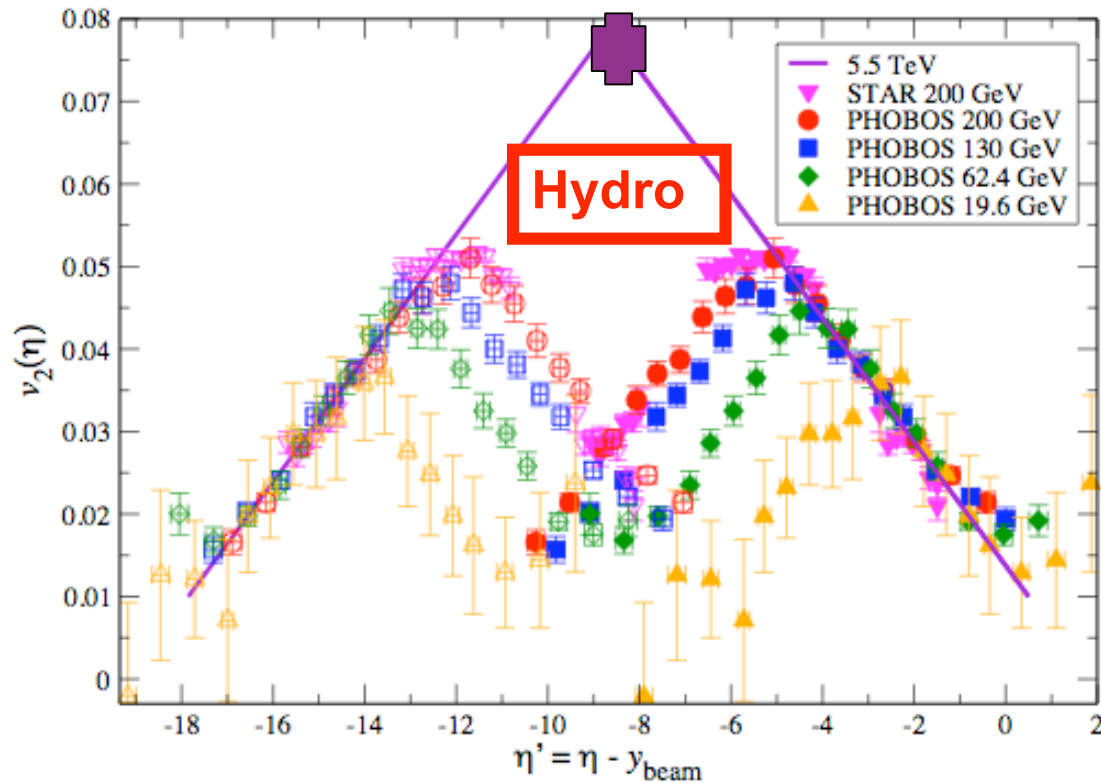
Impact for understanding the dynamical origin of soft physics at RHIC and LHC.

The soft Hallmark of Collectivity



$$\frac{dN}{d\phi} \propto [1 + 2v_2 \cos(2\phi)]$$

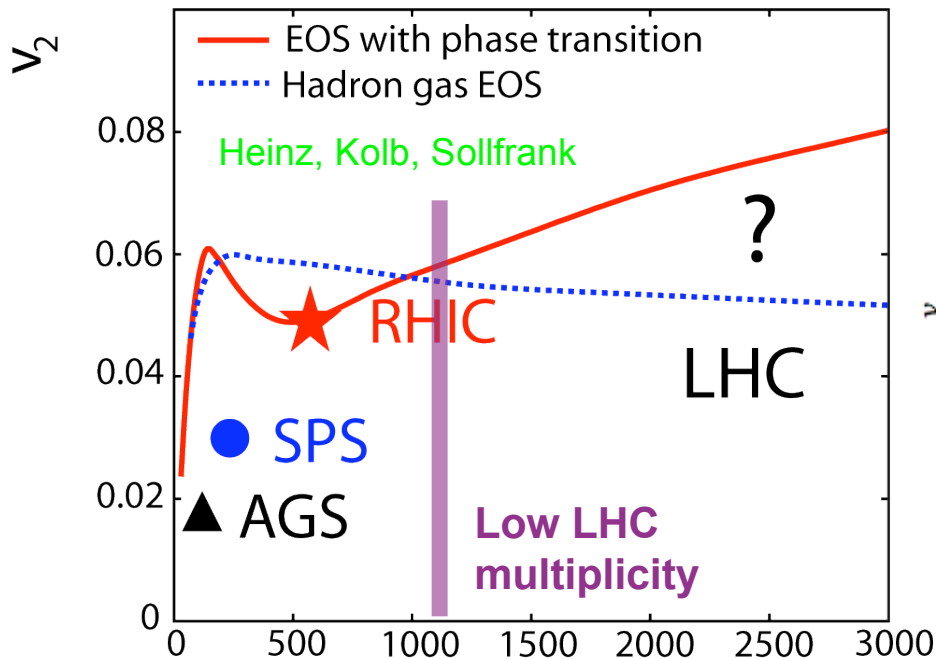
What if they **persist** or **fail**?



LHC tests the hydro-paradigm

- Hydro prediction for low LHC multiplicity

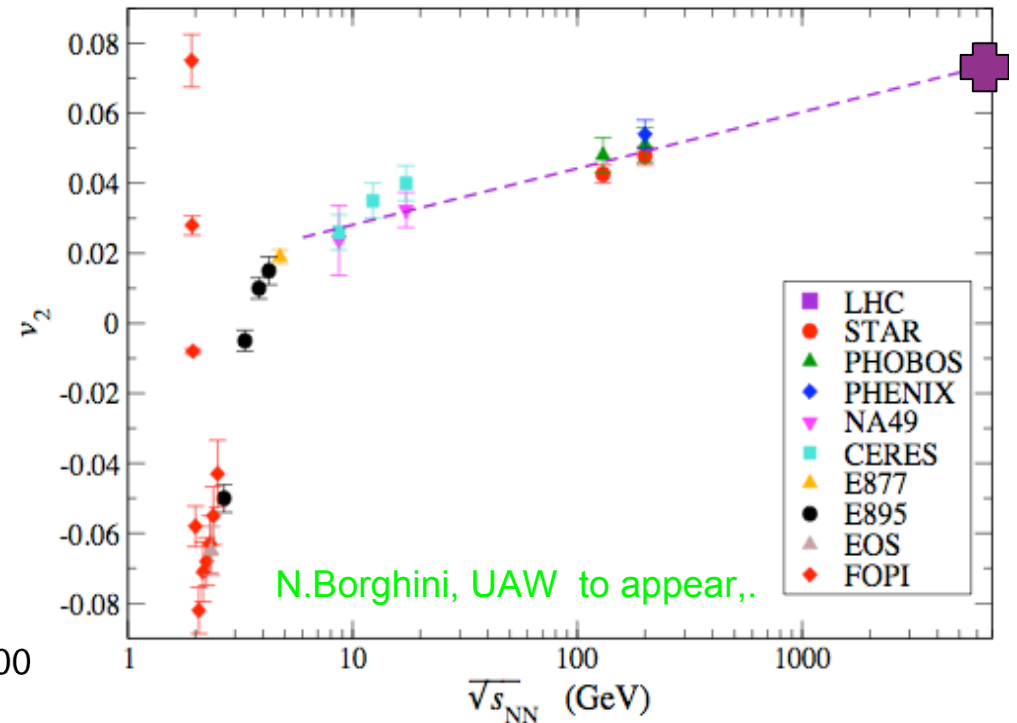
$$v_2 \approx 0.055$$



Also consistent with Multiplicity
Teaney et al., nucl-th/0110037

- Extrapolation of generic RHIC trend

$$v_2 \approx 0.075$$



(In)consistency with generic trend

Characterization of microscopic dynamics underlying collectivity

Hadrochemistry

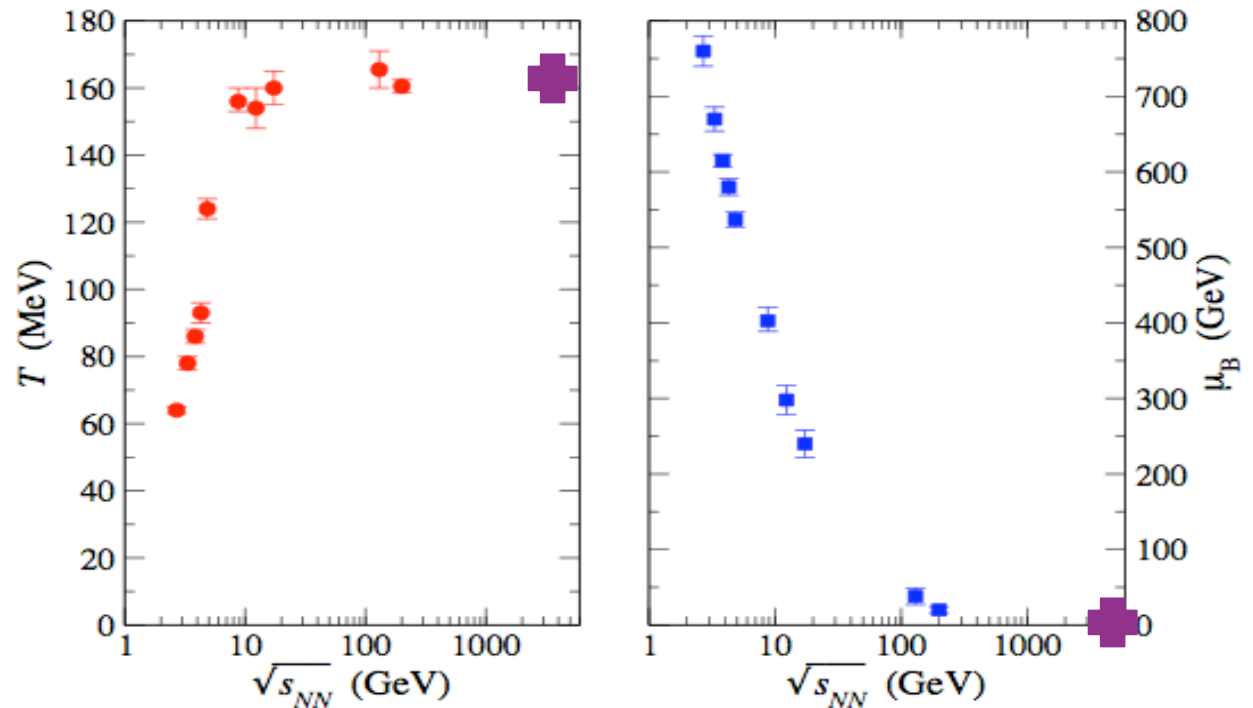
- What is the **microscopic dynamics** underlying the success of thermal models?

Precise expectations

Good benchmarks for characterizing dynamics

Signatures of dynamics:

- Recombination?
Rates of J/Psi, D_s , ...
Exogamous pairing indicates randomization of momentum in medium
[Thews, Schroedter, Rafelski, PRC63 \(2001\) 054901](#)
- strangeness oversaturation?
Would be dramatic signal
- ...?



[Andronic, Braun-Munzinger, Stachel, NPA772 \(2006\) 167](#)

Is there a $Y=0$ Cronin peak in p+A@LHC?

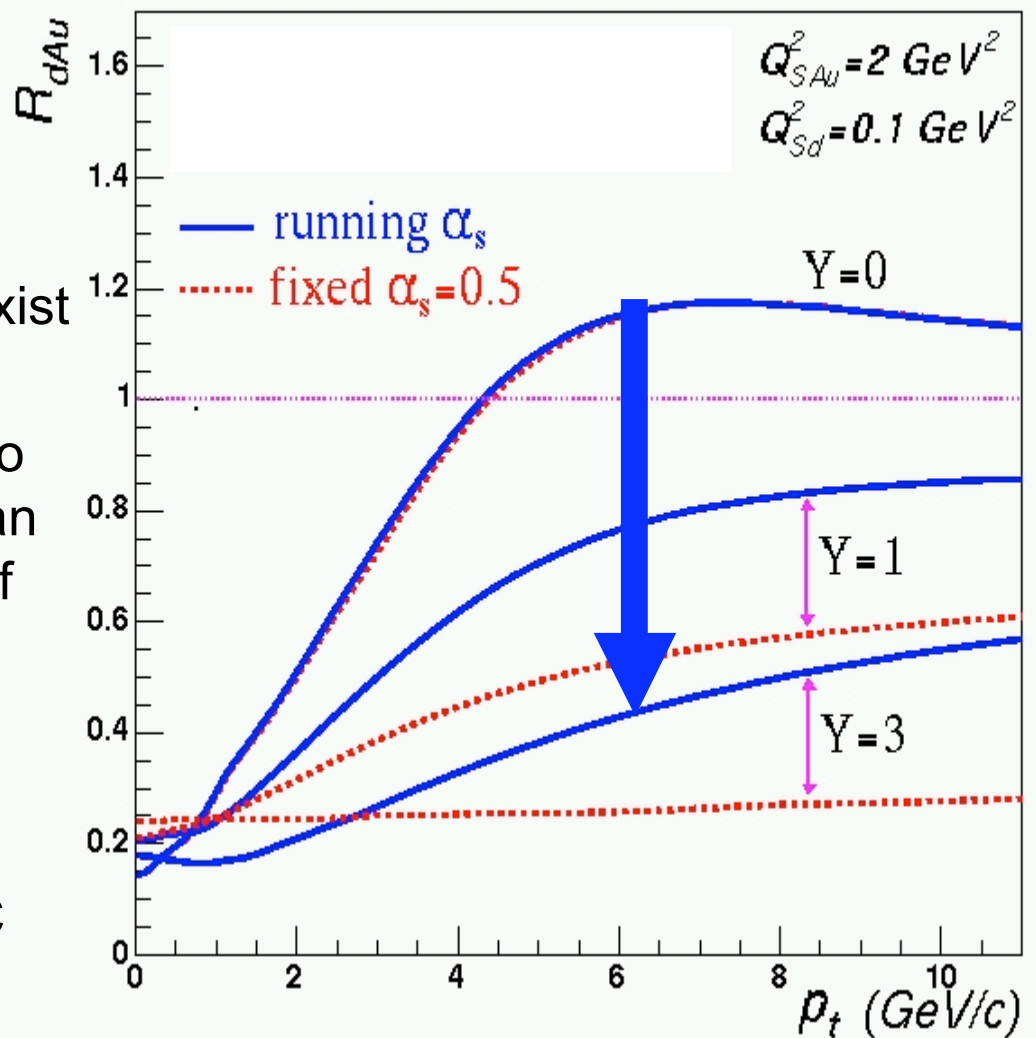
- Saturation physics predicts **strong suppression** of Cronin peak
 $R_{pA}(p_t) \ll 1$ at high $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ or at high rapidity Y .
- RHIC data @ forward rapidity qualitatively consistent with non-linear small-x evolution **BUT:** alternative explanations exist
- Understanding whether and how $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ -dependence corresponds to Y -dependence is a key tool for an unambiguous characterization of saturation physics effects.

➔ **RHIC/LHC complementarity**

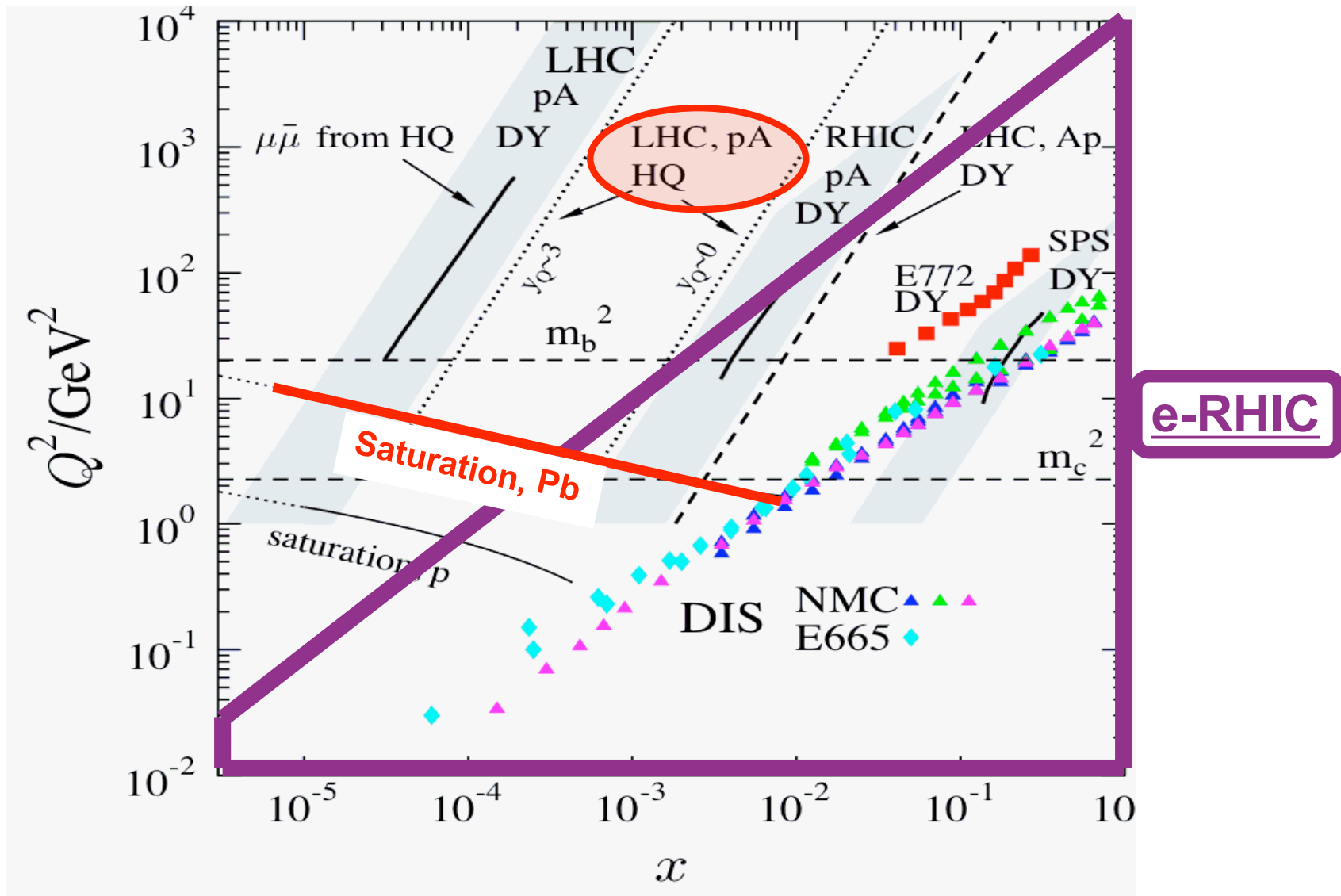
- Many more observables @ LHC forward rapidity

Kharzeev, Levin, McLerran (2004)
 Albacete, Armesto, Kovner, Salgado, Wiedemann, (2004)
 Kharzeev, Kovchegov, Tuchin (2004) ...

Non-Linear Evolution of Cronin Enhancement

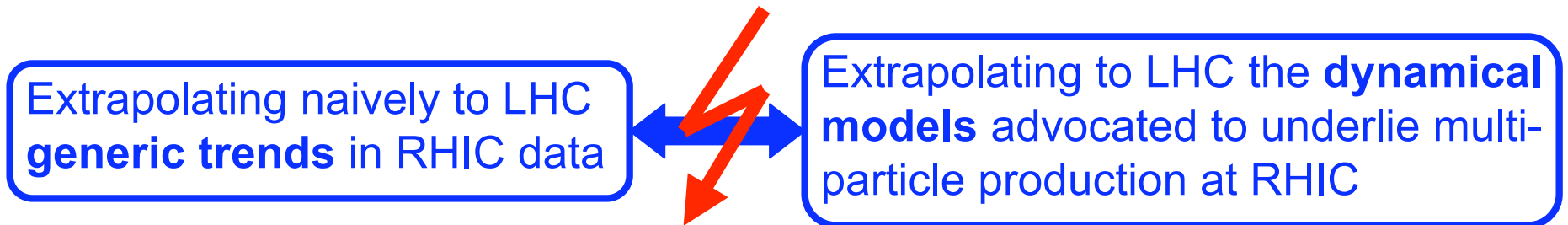


p+A@LHC adds to physics case for e-RHIC



Eskola et al. Hard Probes in Heavy Ion Collisions at the LHC:
PDFs, Shadowing and pA, hep-ph/0308248

Soft physics@LHC: Expecting the Unexpected



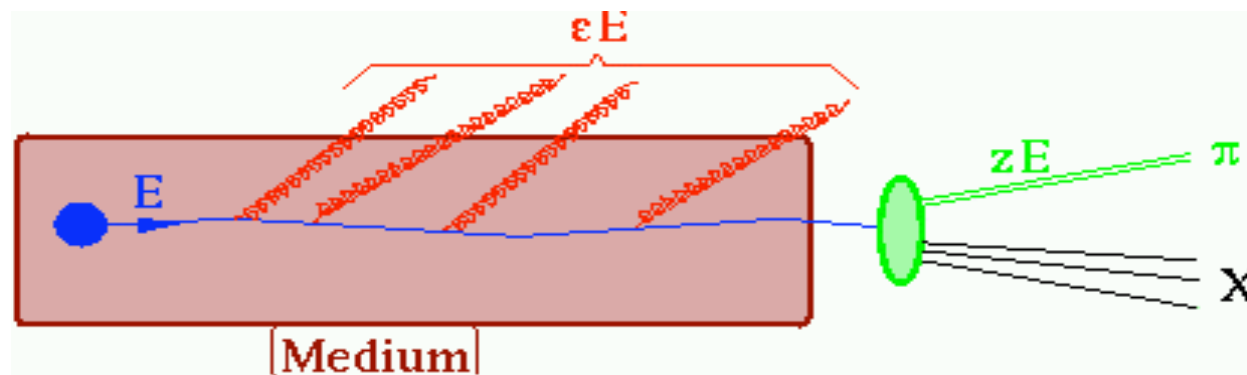
- LHC is a discovery machine for soft physics
- Soft physics discoveries @ LHC likely to extend over many years
 - forward physics is not day1 (additional instrumentation?)
 - p+A@LHC will come after several years of running
- Soft physics discoveries @ LHC likely to prompt reassessment of our understanding of RHIC A+A and d+A
 - potential to trigger 2nd generation measurements
 - significant potential to support the case for e-RHIC
- Major tests of QCD come from testing QCD evolution
 - novel opportunities with wide rapidity range of LHC
 - only RHIC and LHC together provide sufficiently large \sqrt{s} -range

The hard

Abundant yield of hard probes + robust signal (medium sensitivity >> uncertainties) = detailed understanding of dense QCD matter

Which physics becomes newly accessible by extending the p_T -range by a factor 10?

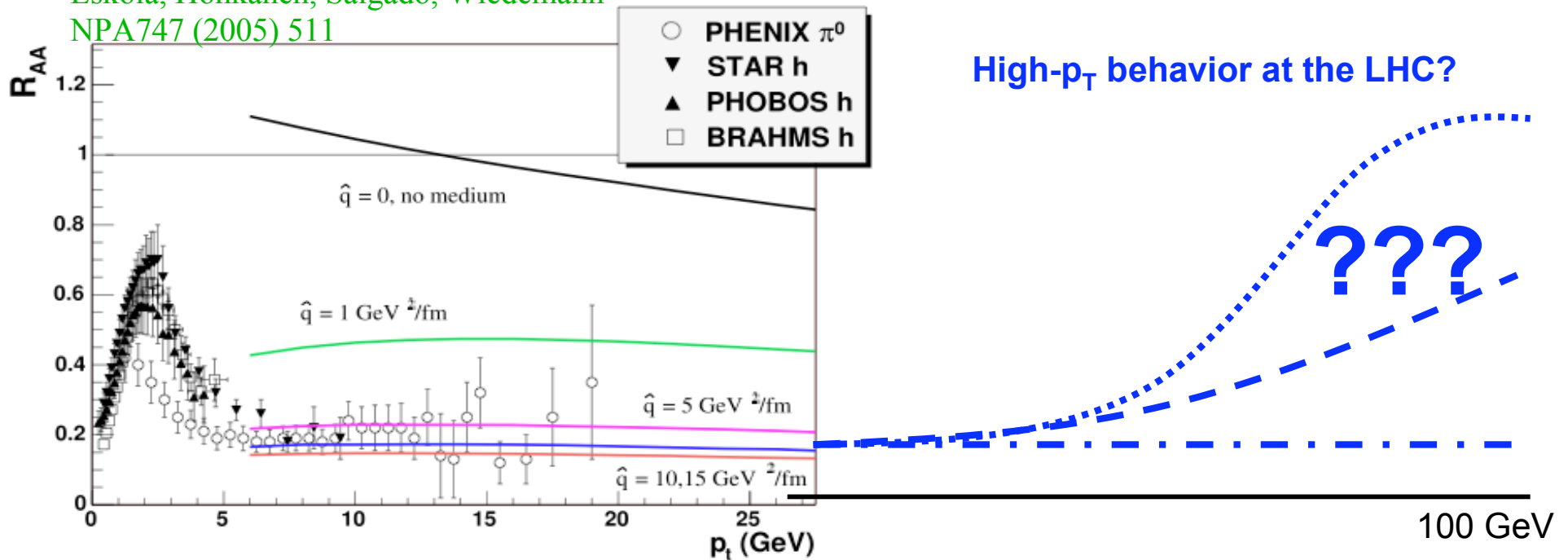
High p_T Single Inclusive Spectra



$$R_{AA}(p_T, \eta) = \frac{dN^{AA} / dp_T d\eta}{n_{coll} dN^{NN} / dp_T d\eta}$$

Light-flavored hadron modification factor

Eskola, Honkanen, Salgado, Wiedemann
NPA747 (2005) 511



High- p_T behavior at the LHC?

???

Extended p_T -range provides novel physics opportunities, e.g.:

- Overcoming the surface bias

$$P_{e-loss}(\Delta E) = p_0 \delta(\Delta E) + p_{tot} \delta(E - \Delta E) + p_{cont}(\Delta E)$$

Continuous piece becomes gradually important at high- p_T

R_{AA} increases with p_T

→ Thorsten Renk

- Becoming sensitive to Q^2 evolution

Testing Q^2 -ordered parton shower in medium requires logarithmically large p_T -range.



Borghini, UAW, hep-ph/0506218
Polosa, Salgado, hep-ph/0607295
More to come ...

Parton energy loss depends on parton identity

- Vacuum and medium radiation is suppressed due to **quark mass**
 Dokshitzer, Kharzeev, PLB 519 (2001) 199

$$\frac{1}{k_T^2} \Rightarrow \frac{k_T^2}{\left(k_T^2 + \frac{m^2}{E^2} \omega^2\right)^2}$$

- Color charge dependence dominates

$$R_{D/h} = R_{AA}^D / R_{AA}^h$$

$$\Delta E_{gluon} > \Delta E_{quark}$$

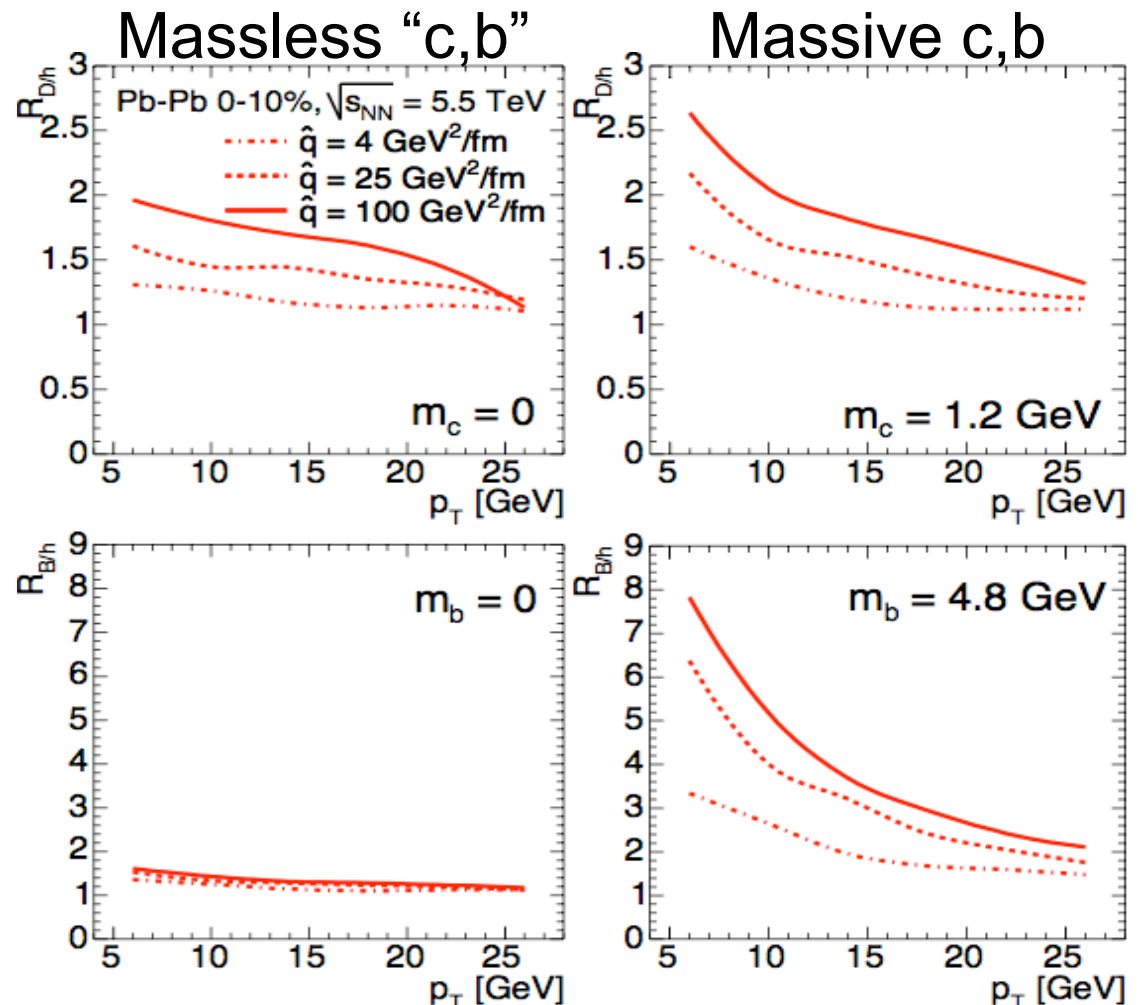
- Mass dependence dominates

$$R_{B/h}$$

$$\Delta E_{quark, m=0} > \Delta E_{quark, m>0}$$

- To test this at the LHC, exploit:
 light-flavored mesons - gluon parents
 D - mesons - quark parents ($m_c \sim 0$)
 B - mesons - quark parents ($m_b > 0$)

Armesto, Dainese, Salgado, Wiedemann, PRD71:054027, 2005



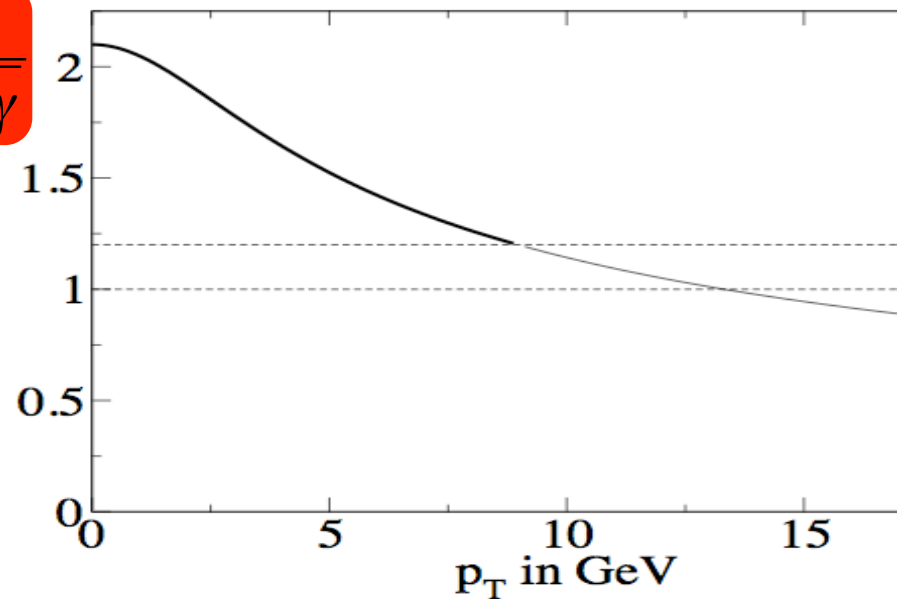
J/Psi as a high- p_T probe

- In AdS/CFT establishes velocity scaling of screening length

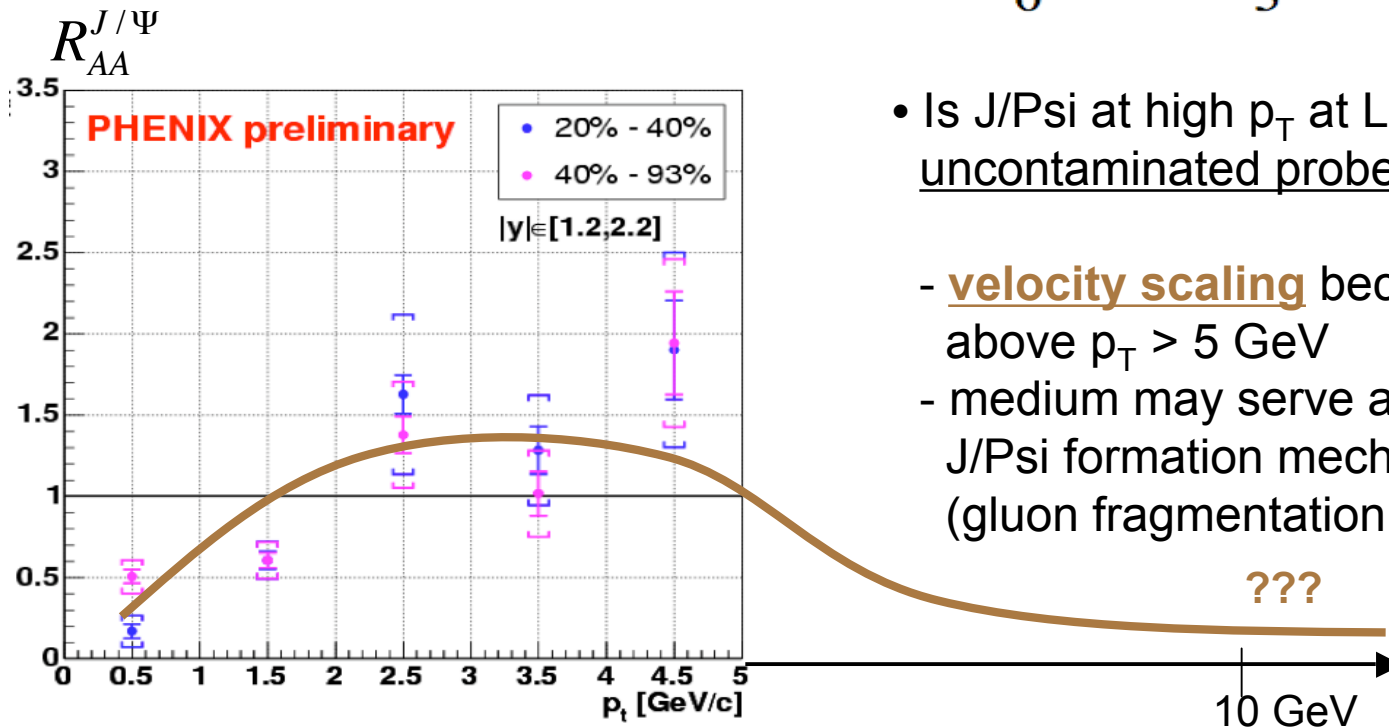
$$L_{screening}^{Q\bar{Q}} \propto \frac{1}{T \sqrt{\gamma}}$$

Hong, Rajagopal,
Wiedemann,
hep-ph/0607062

$$\frac{T_{diss}}{T_{crit} \sqrt{\gamma}}$$



- LHC determines J/Psi production up to $p_T = 20$ GeV

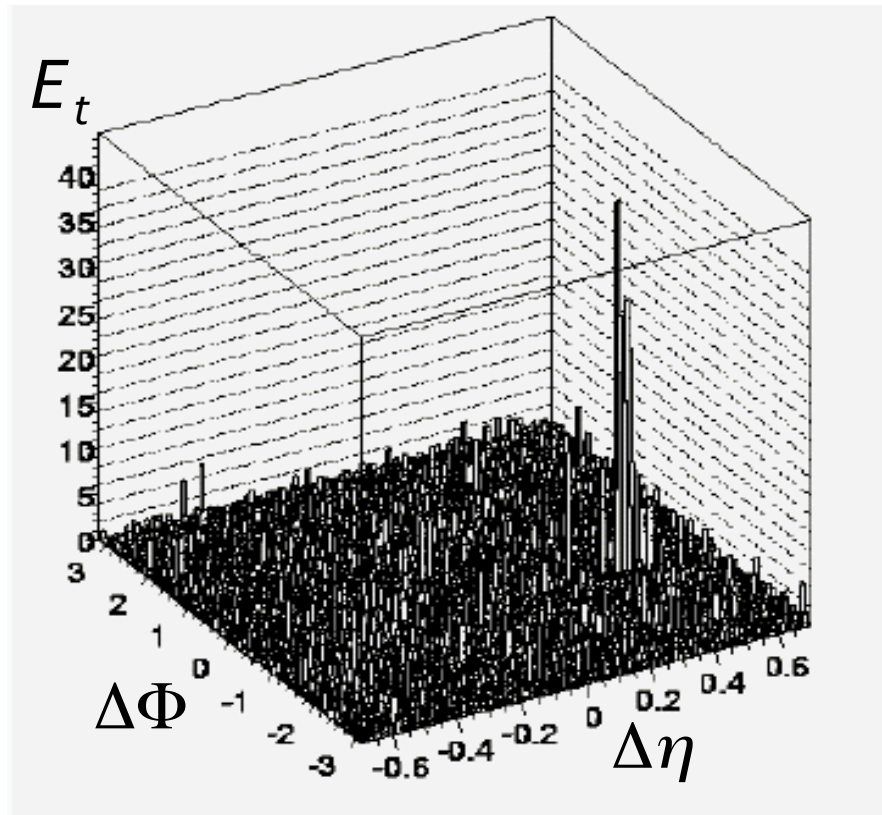


- Is J/Psi at high p_T at LHC a clean, uncontaminated probe of color screening?

- **velocity scaling** becomes effective above $p_T > 5$ GeV
- medium may serve as tool to characterize J/Psi formation mechanism (gluon fragmentation, formation time ...)

(Hand-drawn sketch)

“True” Jets

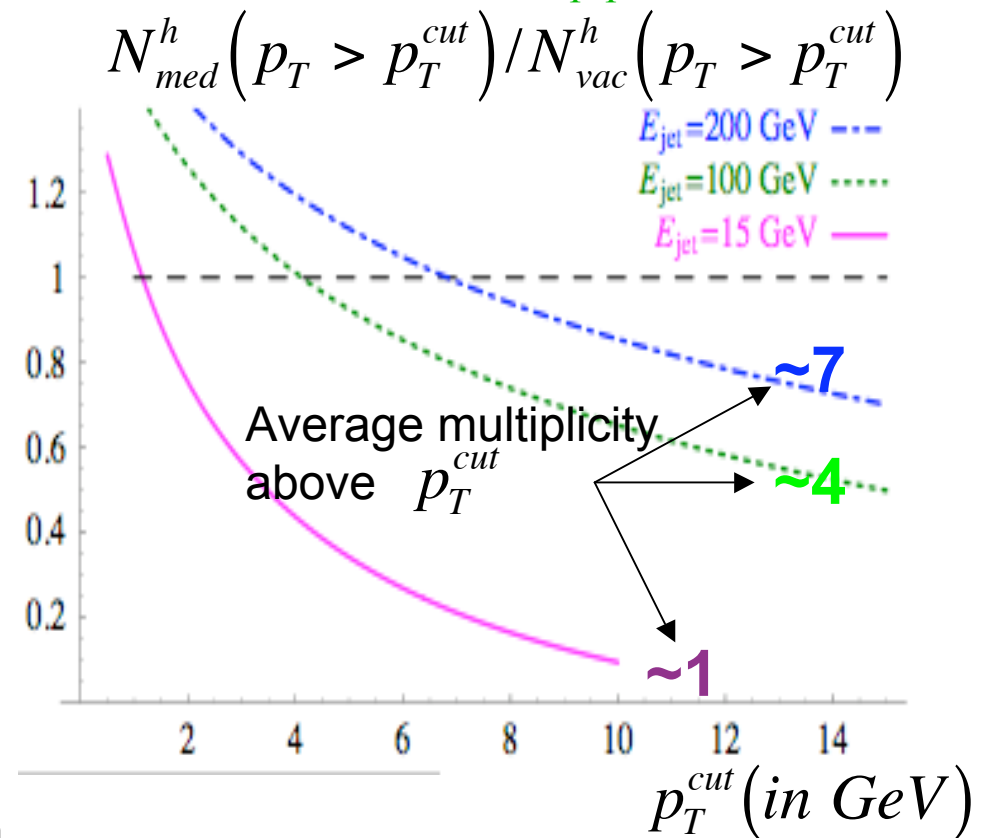
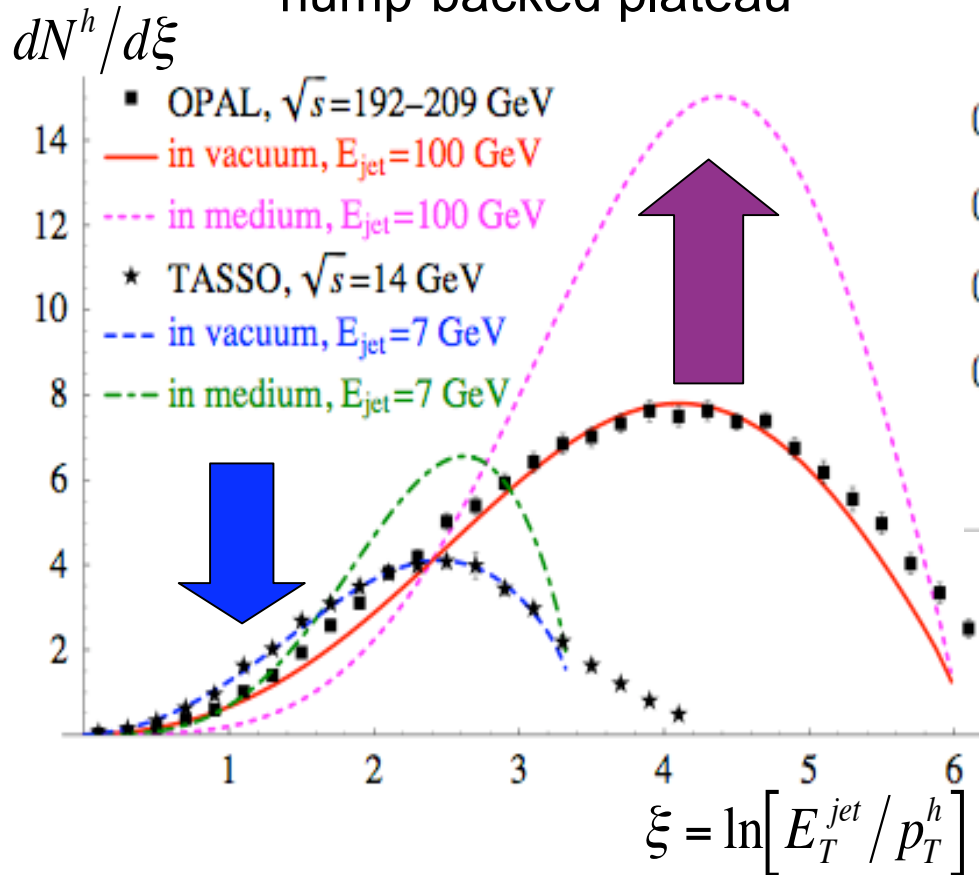


Longitudinal Jet Heating

Borghini, Wiedemann, hep-ph/0506218

- If **leading hadron** in jet is suppressed then **soft jet multiplicity** must increase

→ Medium-modification of hump-backed plateau



Quantitative
improvement
of tools

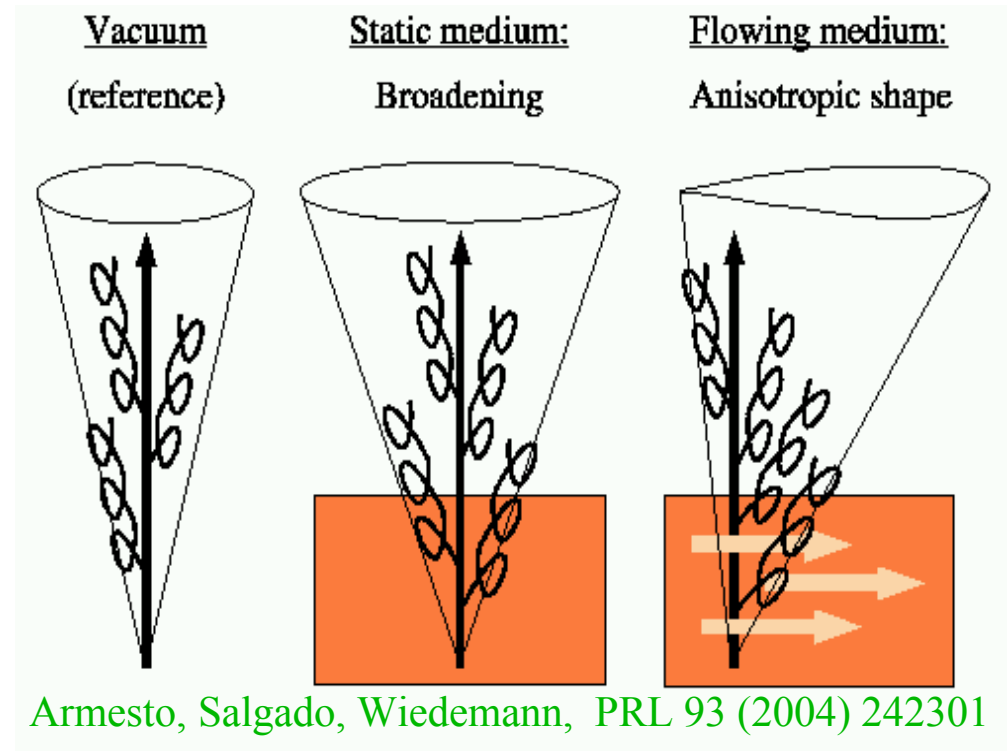
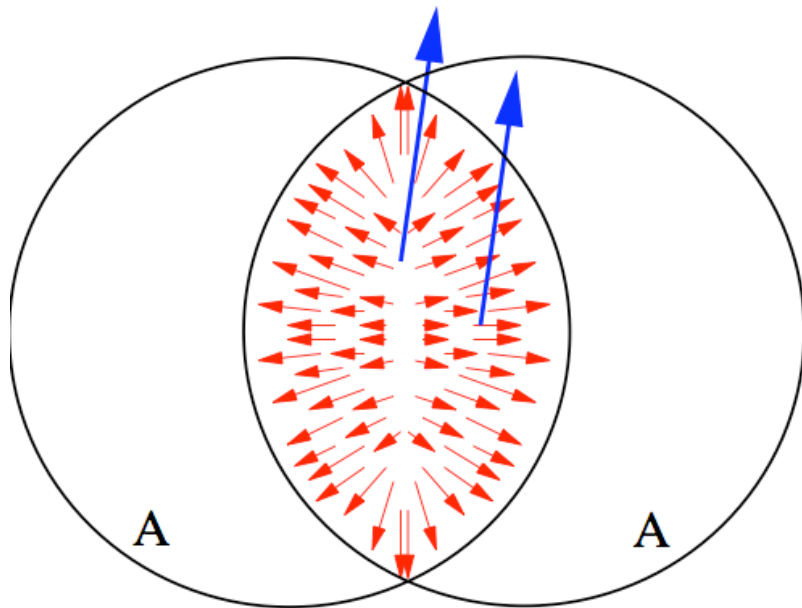
Qualitatively
novel access
to medium
properties

Jets in pionic winds and partonic storms

If **hard partons** are produced outside rest frame comoving with medium, then jets sensitive to **boost** and **orientation**

Hong, Rajagopal, Wiedemann, in preparation

$$\hat{q} = (\cosh \eta_f + \cos \theta \sinh \eta_f) \hat{q}_0$$



Effects:

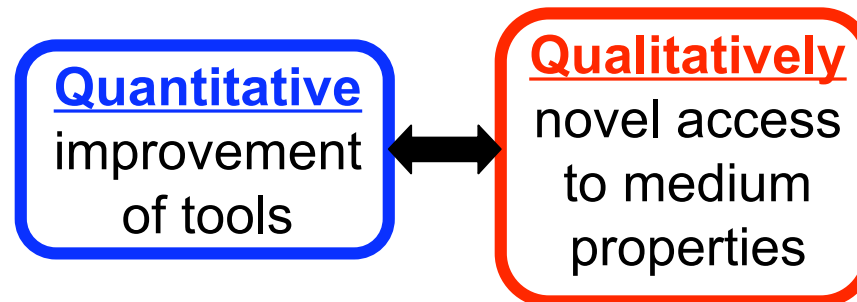
- broken $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi$ - symmetry of jet shapes and particle correlations.
- increased high-pt elliptic flow.

What can we learn from jets at the LHC?

- Jets as thermometer

$$\hat{q} \propto T^3$$

- Jets as recoil-meter
 - is the ability of a medium to accept recoil one of its properties?
 - can we gain information about constituents of the medium by kicking them out of the medium (collisional mechanism)
- Jets as flow-meter
 - independent characterization of the main collective phenomenon
- Jets as remnants of a non-equilibrium test particle
 - how does a parton equilibrate kinetically ?
chemically ?
- Jets as viscosity-meter
 - see talk by Casalderrey-Solana
- ...



CERN TH Institute announces workshop

Heavy Ion Collisions at the LHC **Last Call for Predictions**

Nestor Armesto (*main organizer*), ***Nicolas Borghini***, ***Sangyong Jeon***
Local contact: Urs A. Wiedemann

14 May - 8 June 2007
CERN, Geneva

- Review Predictions experimentally
accessible in the LHC HI runs
- Document them in a proceedings
article and discuss their implications

The abundance of scales and probes

The probes:

- Jets
- identified hadron spectra
- D-, B-mesons
- Quarkonia
- Photons
- Z-boson tags

The range:

Q^2 , x , A , luminosity

Abundant yield

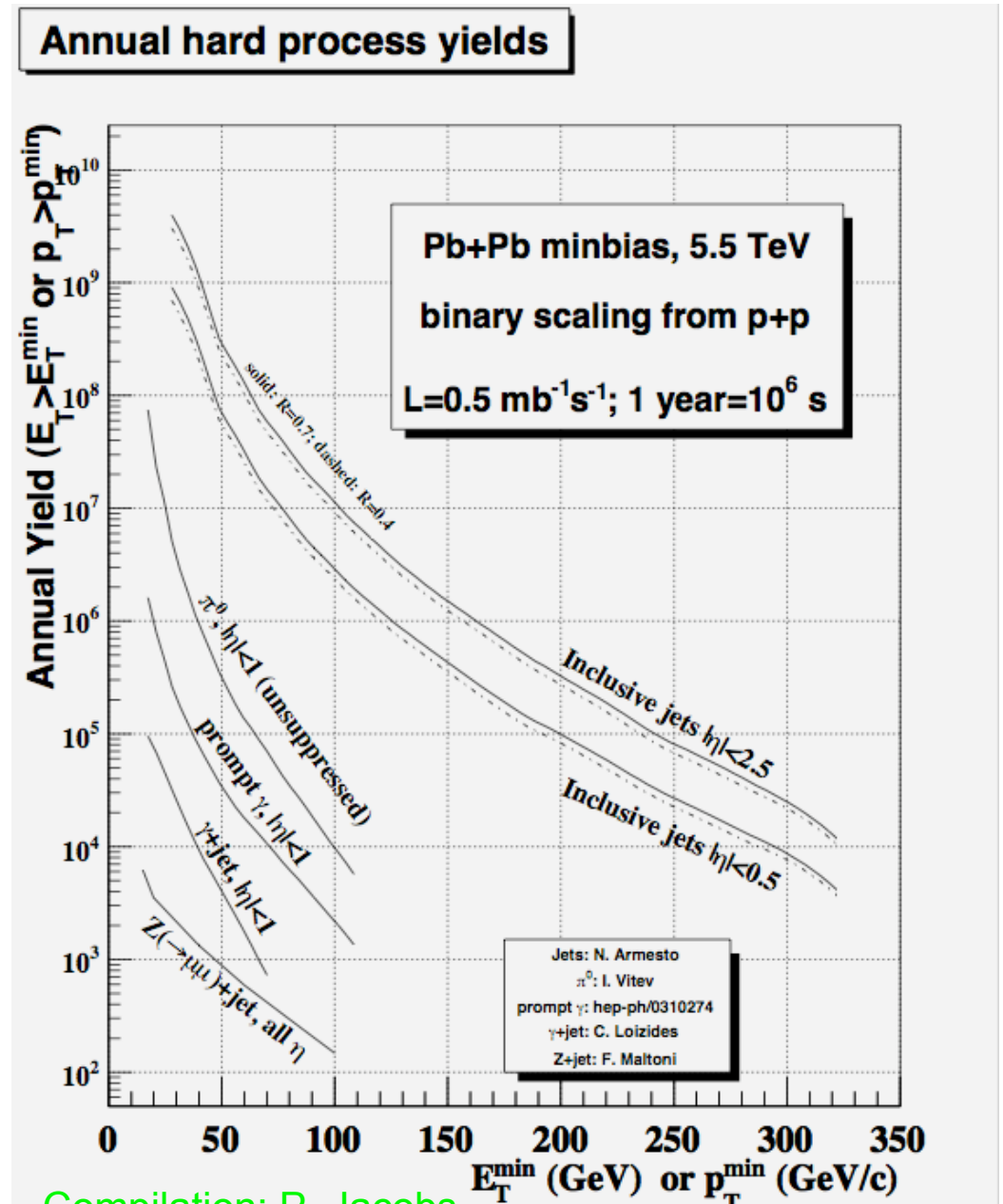
of hard probes

+ robust signal

(medium sensitivity
>> uncertainties)

= detailed understanding

of dense QCD matter



Compilation: P. Jacobs